TOURISM COMPETITIVENESS IN THE EUROPEAN UNION SMALL STATES

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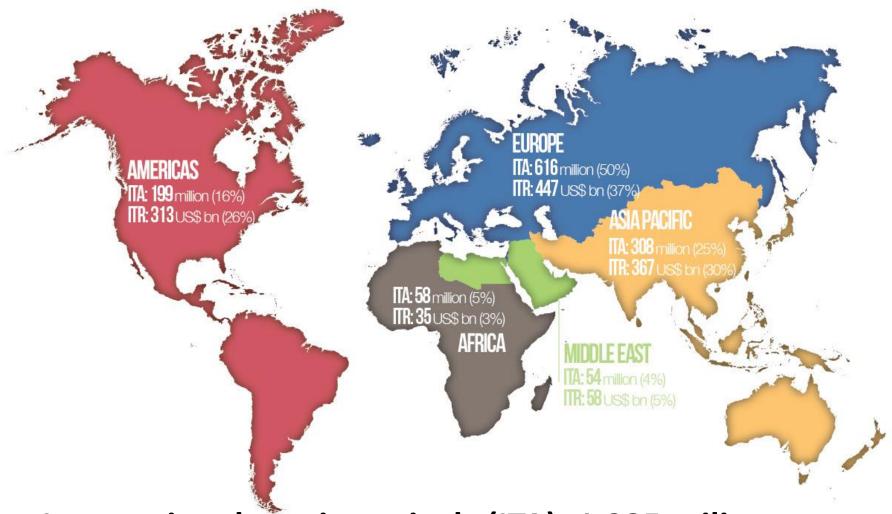
- ➤ IS EUROPE AS A CONTINENT A MAJOR PLAYER IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM MARKET?
- > IS TOURISM IMPORTANT ECONOMIC TOOL OF DEVELOPMENT IN THE EUROPEAN UNION SMALL STATES?
- ➤ ARE THIS 7 (EUSS) ECONOMIES COMPETIVE IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM MARKET?

AGENDA

- > EUROPE IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM
- > TOURISM IN THE EU SMALL STATES
- THE TRAVEL & TOURISM COMPETITIVENESS INDEX
- > COMPETITIVENESS INDEX IN THE EU SMALL STATES

EUROPE IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

INTERNATIONAL TOURISM 2016



International tourist arrivals (ITA): 1,235 milion International tourism receipts (ITR): US \$ 1,220 billion

WORLD'S TOP 10 TOURISM DESTINATIONS 2016

International tourist arrivals (million)

- 1. France (82.6)
- 2. **United States (75.6)**
- 3. Spain (75.5)
- 4. China (59.3)
- 5. Italy (52.4)
- 6. United Kingdom (35.8)
- 7. Germany (35.6)
- 8. Mexico (35.0)
- 9. Thailand (32.6)
- 10. Turkey (30.7)

International tourism receipts (billion)

- United States (205.9)
- 2. Spain (60.3)
- 3. Thailand (49.9)
- 4. China (44.4)
- 5. France (42.5)
- 6. Italy (40.2)
- 7. United Kingdom (39.6)
- 8. Germany (37.4)
- Hong Kong (China) (32.9)
- 10. Australia (32.4)

EUROPEInternational tourist arrivals 2016

UNWTO region/subregions:	International tourist arrivals (million)	Market share (%)
Europe	616.2	49.9
Northern Europe	80.2	6.5
Western Europe	181.5	14.7
Central/Eastern Europe	126.0	10.2
Southern/Medit. Europe	228.5	18.5
which EU-28	500.1	40.5

EUROPE International tourism receipts 2016

UNWTO region/subregions:	Receipts (US\$) (billion)	Market share (%)
Europe	447.3	36.7
Northern Europe	74.6	6.1
Western Europe	145.3	11.9
Central/Eastern Europe	52.6	4.3
Southern/Medit. Europe	174.7	14.3
which EU-28	376.6	30.9

Source: UNWTO, Tourism Highlights 2017 Edition.

TOURISM IN THE EUROPEAN UNION SMALL STATES

The European Union Small States

- Cyprus
- > Estonia
- Latvia
- > Lithuania
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- > Slovenia

Small states are those with a population of about three million persons or less

The EU Small States from Tourism Perspective

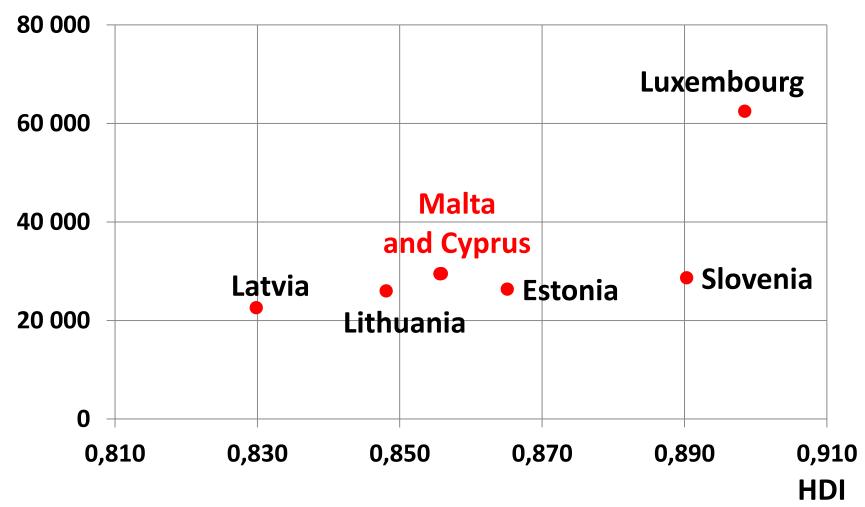
- ➤ Luxembourg → Western UNWTO subregion
- **Estonia** → Central/Eastern UNWTO subregion
- **► Latvia** → Central/Eastern UNWTO subregion
- **► Lithuania** → Central/Eastern UNWTO subregion
- **Cyprus** → Southern/Medit. UNWTO subregion
- Malta → Southern/Medit. UNWTO subregion
- ➤ Slovenia → Southern/Medit. UNWTO subregion

International Tourism in the EU Small States in 2016

	ARRIVALS		RECEIPTS	
STATES	(milion)	MARKET SHARE (%)	(US\$ million)	MARKET SHARE (%)
Luxembourg	1,054	0.2	4,292	1.0
Estonia	3,143	0.5	1,536	0.3
Latvia	1,793	0.3	867	0.2
Lithuania	2,296	0.4	1,185	0.3
Cyprus	3,187	0.5	2,762	0.6
Malta	1,966	0.3	1,447	0.3
Slovenia	3,032	0.5	2,424	0.5

Human Development Index (HDI) and Gross national income (GNI) per capita in the EU Small States in 2015

GNI per capita



THE TRAVEL & TOURISM COMPETITIVENESS INDEX







The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017

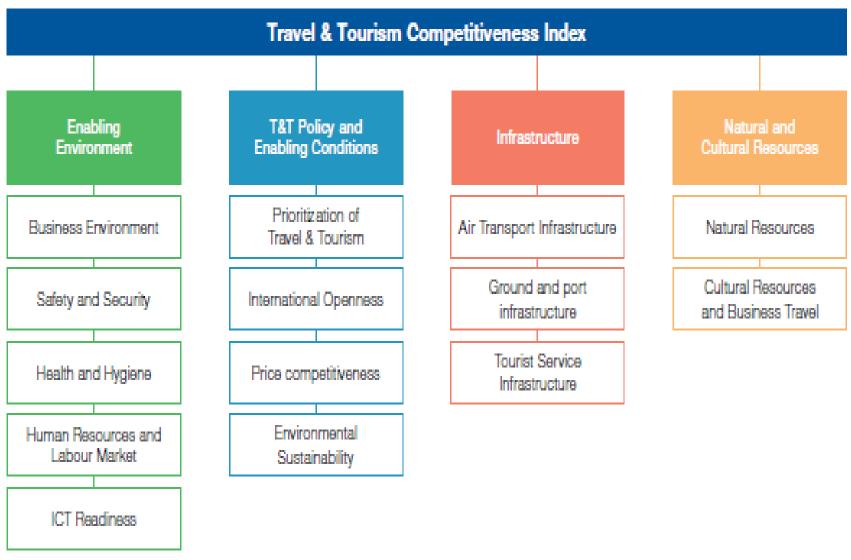
Paving the way for a more sustainable and inclusive future



The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017

136 STATES

Figure 1. The T&T Competitiveness Index 2017 framework



Source:: The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017, World Economic Forum.

Top 10

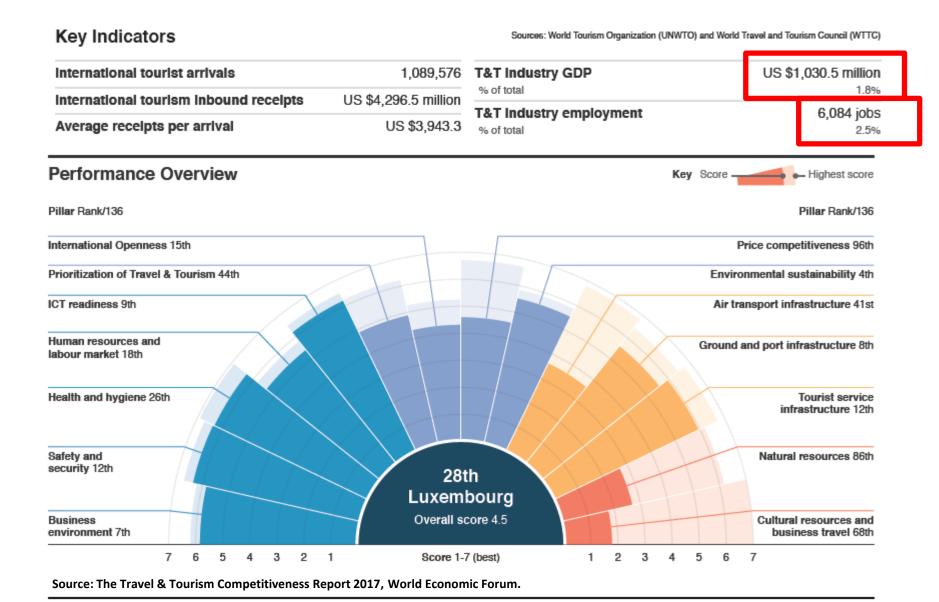
Country/Economy	Rank	Score
Spain	1	5.43
France	2	5.32
Germany	3	5.28
Japan	4	5.26
United Kingdom	5	5.20
United States	6	5.12
Australia	7	5.10
Italy	8	4.99
Canada	9	4.97
Switzerland	10	4.94

The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Index 2017

RANK	ECONOMY	SCORE
28	Luxembourg	4.49
36	Malta	4.25
37	Estonia	4.23
41	Slovenia	4.18
52	Cyprus	4.02
54	Latvia	3.97
56	Lithuania	3.91

Luxembourg

28th/136



Malta

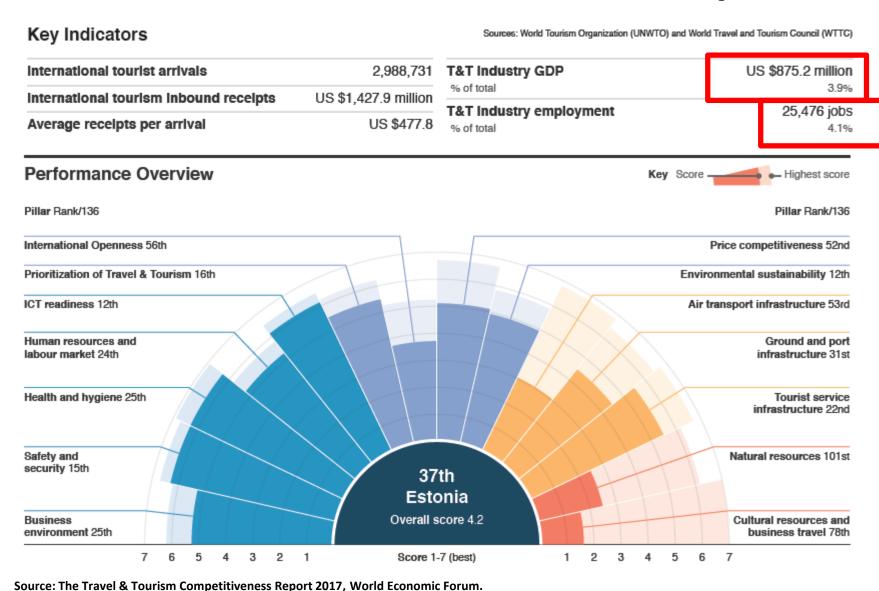
36th/136

Key Indicators Sources: World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) and World Travel and Tourism Council (WTTC) US \$1,397.4 million International tourist arrivals 1,783,366 T&T Industry GDP % of total 15.1% International tourism inbound receipts US \$1,372.0 million **T&T Industry employment** 29,207 jobs US \$769.3 Average receipts per arrival % of total 16.5% Performance Overview Highest score Pillar Rank/136 Pillar Rank/136 International Openness 42nd Price competitiveness 101st Prioritization of Travel & Tourism 1st Environmental sustainability 76th ICT readiness 35th Air transport infrastructure 34th Ground and port Human resources and infrastructure 28th labour market 52nd Health and hygiene 21st Tourist service infrastructure 21st Safety and Natural resources 64th security 31st 36th Malta Overall score 4.3 Cultural resources and Business business travel 88th environment 43rd 7 6 5 3 2 Score 1-7 (best) 1 2 3 5 6

Source: The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017, World Economic Forum.

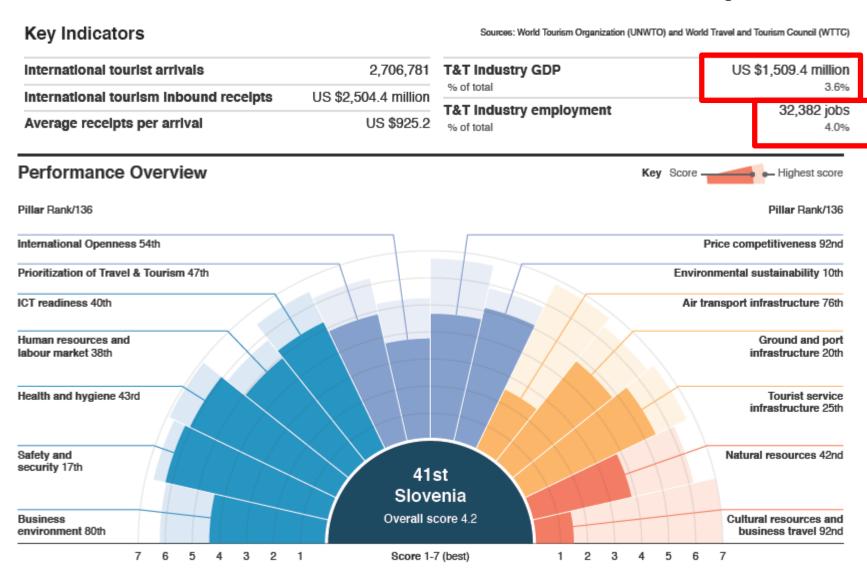
Estonia

37th/136



Slovenia

41th/136



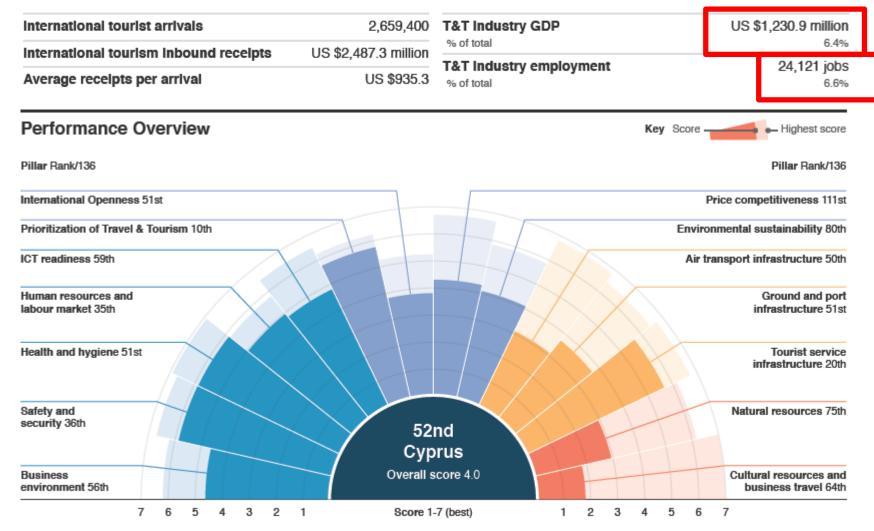
Source: The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017, World Economic Forum.

Cyprus

52th/136

Key Indicators

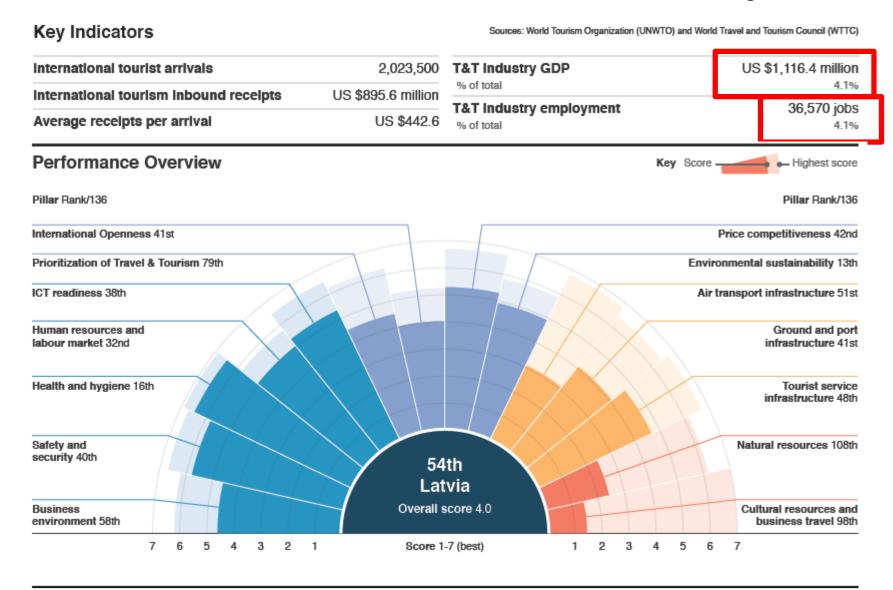
Sources: World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) and World Travel and Tourism Council (WTTC)



Source: The Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Report 2017, World Economic Forum.

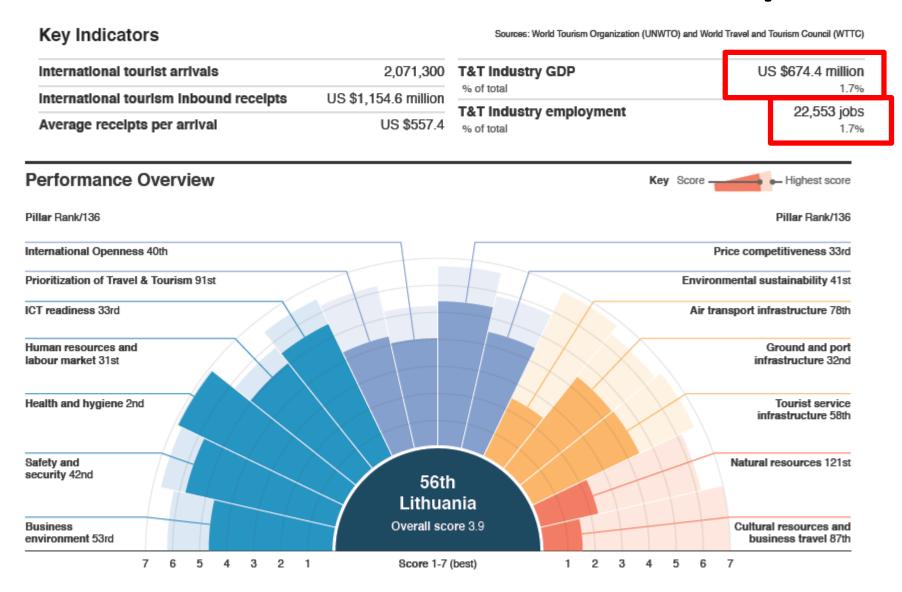
Latvia

54th/136



Lithuania

56th/136



T@T industry GDP % of total

ECONOMY	%
Luxembourg	1.8
Malta	15.1
Estonia	3.9
Slovenia	3.6
Cyprus	6.4
Latvia	4.1
Lithuania	1.7

Is it a SITE model?

- > SITE MODEL (McElroy)
- >,,TOURIST COUNTRIES"
 AND ,,TOURISM MONOCULTURE,,
- > SMALL ISLAND STATES (SIS)
 vs SMALL ISLAND DEVELOPING STATES

FINAL REMARKS

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3 x YES